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From IMI to IMI2 Status and timelines

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European Federation of Pharmaceutical Industries and Associations

www.efpia.eu



1. IMI delivers...

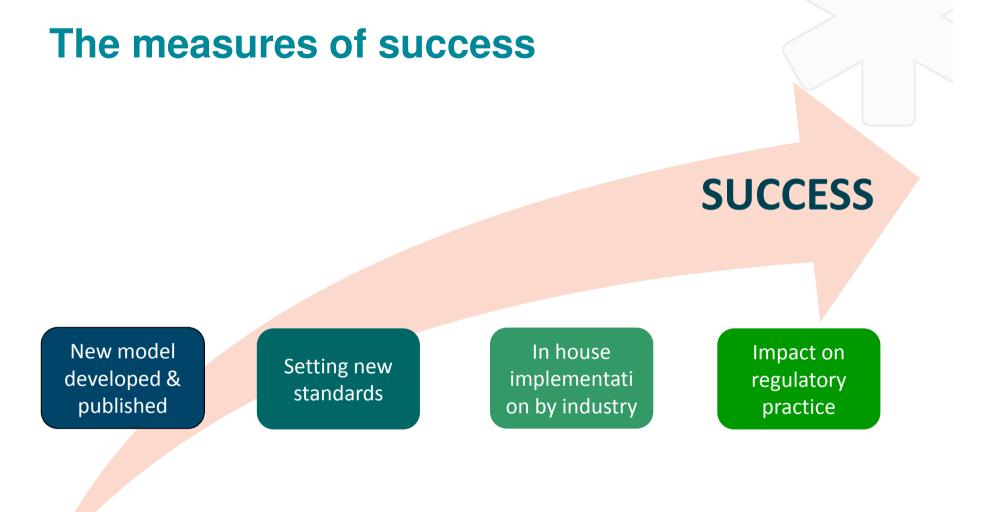


Results beyond the state of the art

- Established <u>robust</u> <u>validated</u> models for Alzheimer, diabetes, schizophrenia, asthma
- * Developed <u>clinically relevant biomarkers</u> for Alzheimer, diabetes, schizophrenia, asthma
- * Robust tools for <u>drug safety prediction</u>, prevention and monitoring
- Establishment and regulatory submission of key standards and tools for drug development in infectious diseases, COPD, diabetes
- * Improved clinical trial design and process in schizophrenia, pain, autism
- Major programme on <u>antimicrobial resistance</u> (research & development)
- Projects launched and planned on <u>use of real life data</u> and alignment of regulators and payers data requirement
- → Many of the above pave the way for <u>new regulatory pathways</u> aligned with science and technology development and <u>creating pull incentives</u>
- → Uptake by Regulators has started (guidance, biomarkers)



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2. IMI2



IMI2 – objective: Start in January 2014

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H2020 framework

Trialogue: objective flexibility for PPPs Final adoption pending EU budget decision

Next steps: Finalisation of the Trialogue Plenary vote

Draft text in line with Hever recommendation Ð s and EFPIA priorities Accepted by the E

EC and in public consultations

Next steps:

Finalisation in end 2013

Projects pipeline

EC impact assessment positive Draft text in EC interservice consultations Few pending issues to resolve

112 regulation

Next steps: **CEOs** meeting with Commissioner in June

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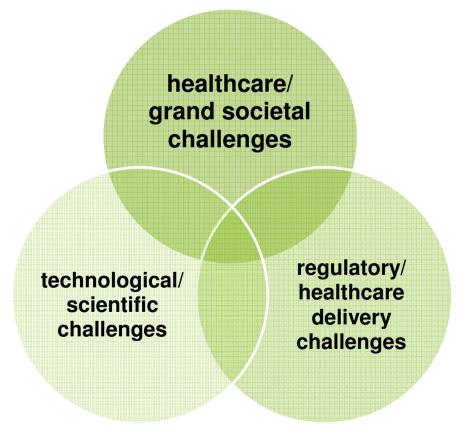


3. The Strategic Research Agenda of IMI2



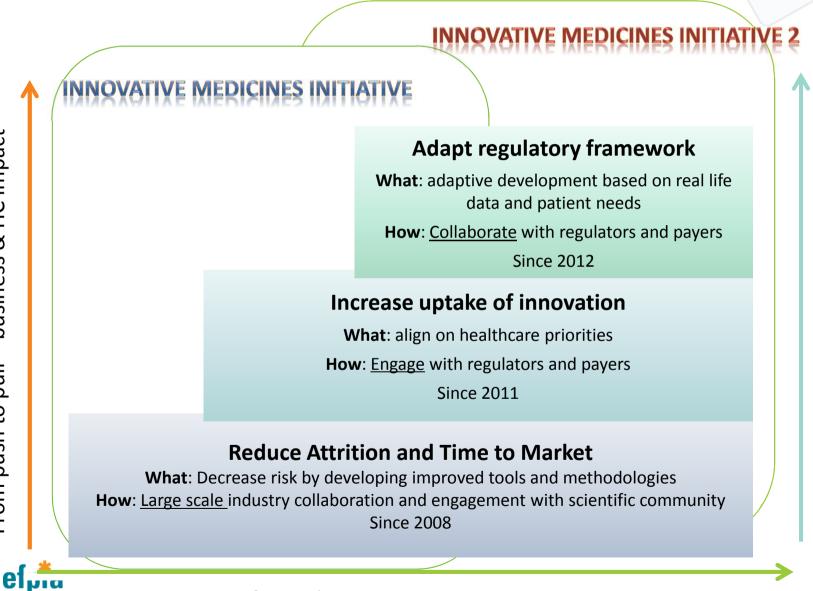
Strategic Research Agenda: Preliminary thinking – 3D dimensional approach

7 key areas of focus have been identified which combine





The Evolution



7 axis of activity

Development of novel Common Standards for Data/Knowledge preventive and therapeutic agents Adoption of innovative Benefit/risk assessment clinical trial designs/ in individual patients Improved access to medicines Sharing WHO and European Health **Priorities** Innovative Predictors of methodologies to drug/vaccine evaluate treatment efficacy and safety effect Target identification and **Reclassification of diseases by** validation (human biology) molecular means efpia

Cross-industry / regulator /HTA / payer/ patient collaboration

Working together we can succeed

Right prevention and treatment, for the right patient, at the right time

SOCIETY

Rational use of HC budgets Decreased societal cost burden Continued investments in R&D More productive economies/job creation

PATIENTS

New, more effective and safer medicines faster Personalised treatment approaches Faster detection and intervention in cases of adverse effects

ACADEMIA

Involvement in shaping research & innovation agendas Business development opportunities Access to data and industrial networks

INDUSTRY

Efficient clinical trial design Reduced attrition Better informed go/no go decision Reshaping regulatory framework





4. IMI2 budget



Distribution of funding



Matched by EFPIA direct and indirect members + Companies invited to EFPIA

led projects

Direct financing for mid cap companies

225 m

Non EFPIA members for their projects (eg imaging) Possibility to expand budget for additional sectors or product development

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Industry: types of companies

Micro	 Up to 250 employees, up to 50 mln turnover (EU definition) IMI beneficiaries: EU SME definition EBE members Promethera, NovImmune, Clovis Oncology 		
Small	 Up to 1000 employees, up to 500 mln turnover Too small to contibute, too big to benefit from EU funding EBE members Dompe, Aicuris, Myriad Genetics 		
Medium	 2 to 4 bn capitalisation (mid-cap Euronext) Larger companies but relatively small in pharma context Vaccines Europe & EFPIA members Menarini, Lundbeck, Almirall, UCB 		
Large	• Vaccines Europe and EFPIA members		

Eligibility for EU funding for non competitive projects (including AMR-like programmes)

Large	Medium	Small	Micro
	up to 4 bn	up to 500 mln	up to 50 mln
	capitalisation	turnover	turnover
Not eligible	Case by case	Automatic	Automatic
	eligibility	eligibility	elibigility



5. IMI2 regulation



Questions resolved



IMI is different from other JTIs:

***** Derogations: eligibility for funding vs. IMI IP policy

- ***** But financing rules for beneficiaries identical to H2020
- Additional rules for contributors in kind/cash contributions
- ***** Flexible governance in Statutes



Pending questions

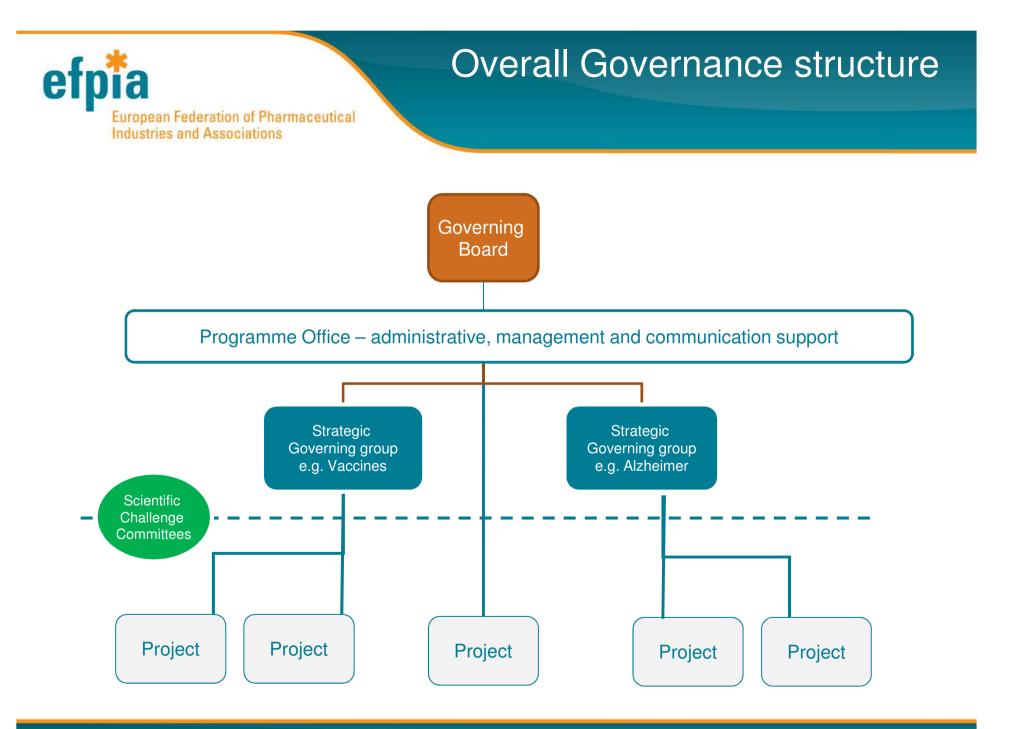


* Joint ownership

- Direct/indirect discharge
- * Central services: IT, legal, audits
- In kind/cash contribution
 - * including non EU
 - * In kind for running costs
 - * Definition of in kind (e.g. data/samples)

Eligibility of small companies (beyond EU definition) for funding







6. Product development



Why product development scheme?

- Attract R&D private investments in non competitive projects
- Fully implement H2020 objectives from invention to innovation
- To move IMI/IMI2 results to next innovation step in the valuechain
- To restore balance and attractiveness vs other regions (direct public R&D funding to companies, e.g. NIH program)

IMI 2 funding mechanisms

Non Competitive collaborative projects EU funding = public partners

Product Development Projects
EU funding = Small & Mid Size companies (?)
1) Direct funding; 2) guarantees for bank loans

Funding for SMEs No funding for EFPIA members

vs. ADAPTED IP POLICY

Includes ND4BB-like projects + additional budget for other sectors involvement

INITIAL PROPOSAL

Any company

vs. PAY BACK IN CASE OF SUCCESS

Withdrawn on 22 March = general H2020 budget cut & lack of experience with such novel instruments

ALTERNATIVE PROPOSAL

 Strict criteria: unmet medical need + health priority + in line with
 SRA + market failure
 Option: For moving
 IMI results to next stage
 Horizontal measure in
 H2020 FP) outside IMI2 as a first step (RSFF?)

Product development - Link to IMI2: Proposed project selection criteria

- In all cases projects must address unmet medical need and high interest for society, and be in line with the Strategic Research Agenda, and should fulfill one or more of the following criteria
- **Projects offering low return on investment but high interest to society, high risk** (e.g. for addressing serious but sporadic healthcare issues such as outbreaks of infectious disease, vaccination of rare diseases, pilots for vaccination in oncology and diabetes, specific orphan diseases, combination therapies, adaptive clinical design strategies) and/or personalised medicine (adaptive licensing/progressive patient access).
- **Projects requiring long-term or large-scale epidemiological and safety studies** (e.g. prevention, environment, life style factors, CV risk studies, new comparators); or efficacy outcome, mortality
- Projects involving novel technologies / development approaches (new innovation) where success with one medicine would pave the way and establish evidential and regulatory pathways for follow-on products and open up new opportunities for therapeutic development – e.g. Regenerative medicine, new drug formulations.

Wrap up

- IMI is a success but we want to bring it to the next level = IMI2:
 - Learn from experience reduce red-tape
 - Continue « conventional » non-competitive projects
 - Implement output from IMI
 - Ensure that health care are developed with focus on unmet needs - (concepts and thinking)
 - Ensure unmet needs are addressed even in areas with commercial attractiveness