



GUIDE FOR APPLICANTS

**COORDINATION AND SUPPORT ACTION
(SUPPORTING)**

***Grant to beneficiary named in the work
programme***

Further copies of this Guide, together with all information related to this call for proposals, can be downloaded from the following web-sites:

- ***<http://cordis.europa.eu/>***
- ***<http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/portal/> (select tab "FP7 calls")***

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About this Guide

This FP7 Guide for Applicants is only for use in the case of **beneficiaries named in the work programme**. It is based on the model (version 4) for calls using single-stage submission procedures, but has been substantially modified, taking into account the circumstances of such actions.

Please note: This Guide is based on the rules and conditions contained in the legal documents relating to FP7 (in particular the Seventh Framework Programme, Specific Programmes, Rules for Participation, and the Work programmes), all of which can be consulted via CORDIS and the Participant Portal web-sites. The Guide does not in itself have legal value, and thus does not supersede those documents.

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1. Getting started

Funding decisions in the Seventh Framework Programme (FP7) are generally made on the basis of **proposals** submitted following **calls** published by the Commission or one of its agencies. Nevertheless, the rules of FP7 do allow for grants to be made to beneficiaries named in the work programme, without calls for proposals. This still requires a proposal to be submitted by the applicants, which is then evaluated.

Proposals describe planned research activities, information on who will carry them out, and how much they will cost. They must be submitted using a special web-based service before a cut-off-date. The Commission/agency evaluates all eligible proposals in order to identify those whose quality is sufficiently high for possible funding. The **evaluation** will be carried out by a committee made up of Commission agents (hereafter called evaluators).

The Commission/agency then **negotiates** with some or all of those whose proposals have successfully passed the evaluation stage, depending on the budget available. If negotiations are successfully concluded, **grant agreements** providing for an EU financial contribution are established with the participants.

This **Guide for Applicants** contains the essential information to guide you through the mechanics of preparing and submitting a proposal. It is important that you have the correct document!

The [...] work programme identifies the following beneficiary [beneficiaries]¹:

Grant to an Identified Beneficiary	
Legal Entity	
Description of topic	
Funding scheme	
Objectives expected to be fulfilled	
Commission budget to be allocated	
Evaluation Criteria	

¹ In accordance with Article 14 (a) of Regulation (EC) No 1906/2006 of 18 December 2006 laying down the rules for the participation of undertakings, research centres and universities in actions under the Seventh Framework Programme and for the dissemination of research results (2007-2013)

Maximum rate of co-financing	
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This Guide and the work programme are essential reading. However, you may also wish to consult other reference and background documents, particular those relating to negotiation and the grant agreements, which are available on the CORDIS web site (see annex 1 to this guide) and on the Participant Portal: <http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/portal/page/home>

2. About the funding scheme: Coordination and Support action (Supporting)

2.1 General

This Guide covers the Coordination and Support action (Supporting) funding scheme, and a description is given in this section.

Please note that special conditions may apply on an action-by-action basis. These will always be set out in the work programme.

All research activities supported by the Seventh Framework Programme should respect fundamental ethical principles. Compliance with these principles is safeguarded through the European Commission's Ethics Review procedure. (See section 3.1 on Ethical Principles)

2.2 Coordination and support actions¹

Research, technological development or demonstration activities cannot be supported within this scheme.

Purpose

This funding scheme allows for two different types of actions to be financed:

- “*Co-ordination (or networking) actions*” aimed at coordinating research activities and policies.
- “*Support actions*” aimed at contributing to the implementation of the Framework Programmes and the preparation of future EU research and technological development policy or the development of synergies with other policies, or to stimulate, encourage and facilitate the participation of SMEs, civil society organisations and their networks, small research teams and newly developed or remote research centres in the activities of the thematic areas of the Cooperation programme. Support actions normally focus on one specific activity and often one specific event.

In this specific case, the Support action covers only activities related to supporting the [...]

Specific Programmes concerned

This Funding Scheme is to be used for the implementation of the actions under the Specific Programmes “Cooperation”, “Capacities”, “People” and “Ideas”.

Participation

¹ Coordination and Support Actions may also be awarded to participants named in the work programme. In these cases other indicative conditions may apply.

For this action participation is restricted to the beneficiary [beneficiaries] identified in the [...] work programme.

The beneficiary [beneficiaries] identified is [are] the following: [...]

Size and resources

The size and the resources can be identified in the [...] work programme.

Indicative average duration

Coordination actions are expected to have a duration of typically two to four years, while support actions are expected to have a shorter duration from some months to two to four years. However, there will be no formal minimum or maximum duration.

Activities

Coordination (or networking) actions may cover activities such as:

the organisation of events – including conferences, meetings, workshops or seminars, related studies, exchanges of personnel, exchange and dissemination of good practices, and, if necessary, the definition, organisation and management of joint or common initiatives, together with management of the action.

Support actions may cover activities, depending on their nature such as:

monitoring and assessment; conferences; seminars; workshops; working or expert groups or individual expert appointment letters; studies; fact finding; monitoring; strategy development; high level scientific awards and competitions; operational support; data access and dissemination, information and communication activities; management activities; specific services activities related to research infrastructures, such as for example transnational access; preparatory technical work, including feasibility studies for the development of new infrastructures; contribution to the construction of new infrastructures; cooperation with other European research schemes; or a combination of these.

Form of Reimbursement

Reimbursement will be based on eligible costs (based on maximum rates of reimbursement specified in the grant agreement for different types of activities within the project). In some cases the reimbursement of indirect costs is based on a flat rate.

If so provided in the call fiche, it is possible to claim subsistence and accommodation costs (related to travel as part of the implementation of a project) on the basis of flat rates. These rates, which do not cover travel costs, are in the form of a daily allowance for every country. The use of these rates is optional, but you may wish to use them when calculating your proposal budget. The rates, and the detailed rules for their use, can be found on CORDIS (http://cordis.europa.eu/fp7/find-doc_en.html) and on the Participant Portal (<http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/portal/home>).

3. How to apply

3.1 *Turning your idea into an effective proposal*

The coordinator

For a given proposal, the coordinator acts as the single point of contact between the participant[s] and the Commission/agency. The co-ordinator is generally responsible for the overall planning of the proposal and for building up the consortium that will do the work.

Focusing your planned work

The work you set out in your proposal must correspond to the topic(s), and associated **funding scheme(s)**, indicated in the [...] work programme. **Proposals that fail to do so will be regarded as ineligible.**

Refer to annex 2 to this Guide, and the work programme, to check all the **eligibility criteria** and any other additional conditions that apply.

Refer also to the **evaluation criteria** against which your proposal will be assessed. These are given in annex 2. Keep these in mind as you develop your proposal.

National Contact Points

A network of National Contact Points (NCPs) has been established to provide advice and support to organisations which are preparing proposals. You are highly recommended to get in touch with your NCP at an early stage. (Contact details are given on the CORDIS call page - annex 1 to this Guide).

Please note that the Commission will give the NCPs statistics and information on the outcome of the call and the outcome of the evaluation for each proposal. This information is supplied to support the NCPs in their service role, and is given under strict conditions of confidentiality.

Other sources of help

Annex 1 to this guide gives references to these further sources of help for this action. In particular:

- The general **enquiry service** on any aspect of FP7. Questions can be sent to a single e-mail address and will be directed to the most appropriate department for reply.
- A dedicated help desk has been set up to deal with technical questions related to the **Electronic Proposal Submission Service (EPSS)**. See section 3.2 below.
- A dedicated Help Desk has been set up to deal with questions related to research ethics issues and to the Ethics Review procedure.
- A further help desk providing assistance on intellectual property matters.

- Any other guidance documents or background information relating specifically to this action.
- Other services provided via the CORDIS web site.

Who can participate?

For this action participation is restricted to the beneficiary [beneficiaries] identified in the [...] work programme.

The identified beneficiary [beneficiaries] is [are] the following: [...]

Principles of Ethics

Please remember that research activities in FP7 should respect fundamental ethical principles, including those reflected in the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the European Union. Ethical principles include the need to protect the physical and moral integrity of individuals, their privacy and dignity and the welfare of animals. For this reason, the European Commission carries out an ethical review of proposals when appropriate.

The applicant needs to address the ethical aspects of the objectives, methodology and the implications of the proposed research in the dedicated ethics section of his/her proposal and, if relevant, include a timetable regarding the prior authorisation of his/her research.

The following fields of research shall not be financed under this Framework Programme:

- research activity aiming at human cloning for reproductive purposes;
- research activity intended to modify the genetic heritage of human beings which could make such changes heritable¹;
- research activities intended to create human embryos solely for the purpose of research or for the purpose of stem cell procurement, including by means of somatic cell nuclear transfer.

As regards human embryonic stem cell research, the Commission will maintain the practice of the Sixth Framework Programme, which excludes from EU financial support research activities destroying human embryos, including for the procurement of stem cells. The exclusion of funding of this step of research will not prevent EU funding of subsequent steps involving human embryonic stem cells.

For additional information on the Ethics Review procedure, please see:

<http://ec.europa.eu/research/science-society/index.cfm?fuseaction=public.topic&id=73>

Presenting your proposal

A proposal has two parts:

Part A will contain the administrative information about the proposal and the participant[s]. The information requested includes a brief description of the work, contact details and characteristics of the participant[s], and information related to the funding requested (see annex 3 to this Guide). This information will be encoded in a structured database for further computer processing to

¹ Research relating to cancer treatment of the gonads can be financed.

produce, for example, statistics, and evaluation reports. This information will also support the experts and Commission/agency staff during the evaluation process.

The information in Part A is entered through a set of on-line forms.

Part B is a "template", or list of headings, rather than an administrative form (see annex 4 to this Guide). You should follow this structure when presenting the scientific and technical content of your proposal. The template is designed to highlight those aspects that will be assessed against the **evaluation criteria**. It covers, among other things, the nature of the proposed work, the participant[s] and its [their] roles in the proposed project, and the impacts that might be expected to arise from the proposed work. Only black and white copies are used for evaluation and you are strongly recommended, therefore, not to use colour in your document.

Part B of the proposal is uploaded by the applicant into the Electronic Proposal Submission Service (EPSS) described below.

A maximum length may be specified for the different sections of Part B, or for Part B as a whole (see annex 4 to this Guide). You must keep your proposal within these limits. Evaluators will be instructed to disregard any excess pages.

Even where no page limits are given, or where limits are only recommended, it is in your interest to keep your text concise since over-long proposals are rarely viewed in a positive light by the evaluating experts

Proposal language

Proposals may be prepared in any official language of the European Union. If your proposal is not in English, a translation of the full proposal would be of assistance to the evaluators. An English translation of the abstract may be included in Part B of the proposal.

3.2 Proposal submission

About the EPSS

Proposals must be submitted electronically, using the Commission's **Electronic Proposal Submission Service (EPSS)**. Proposals arriving at the Commission/agency by any other means are regarded as 'not submitted', and will not be evaluated¹.

All the data that you upload is securely stored on a server to which only you [and the other participants in the proposal] have access. This data is encrypted until the close of the action.

You can access the EPSS from the call page on CORDIS, or on the Participant Portal.

¹ In exceptional cases, when a proposal co-ordinator has absolutely no means of accessing the EPSS, and when it is impossible to arrange for another member of the consortium to do so, an applicant may request permission from the Commission to submit on paper. A request should be sent via the FP7 enquiry service (see annex 1), indicating in the subject line "Paper submission request". (You can telephone the enquiry service if web access is not possible: 00 800 6 7 8 9 10 11 from Europe; or 32 2 299 96 96 from anywhere in the world. A postal or e-mail address will then be given to you). Such a request, which must clearly explain the circumstances of the case, must be received by the Commission no later than one month before the cut-off-date. The Commission will reply within five working days of receipt. Only if a derogation is granted, a proposal on paper may be submitted by mail, courier or hand delivery. The delivery address will be given in the derogation letter.

This is a special page for the submission of proposals for which the beneficiaries are identified in the work programme.

Please press the "submit button" only when the proposal is final. Following the submission, the Commission will start to process the proposal.

Full instructions are found in the "EPSS preparation and submission guide", available from the EPSS entry page (click on "EPSS user guide").

The most important points are explained below.

Use of the system by the proposal coordinator

As a coordinator you can:

- register as interested in submitting a proposal to a particular action
- [set up (and modify) your consortium by adding/removing participants]
- complete all of Part A of the proposal, pertaining to the proposal in general, and to your own administrative details
- download the document template for writing Part B of the proposal and, when it is completed, upload the finished Part B
- submit the complete proposal Part A and Part B.

Use of the system by the other participants

Other participants can:

- complete their own sections A2 (participant details)
- download the document template for writing Part B of the proposal, in order to assist the coordinator in preparing it (however, only the coordinator can upload the finished version)
- view the whole proposal.]

Participant Identification Codes (PICs)

The Participant Identification Code is a unique 9 digit number that helps the Commission/agency to identify a participant. It is used in all grant-related interactions between the participant and the Commission/agency.

If your organisation has already participated in a 7th Framework Programme proposal, it is likely that the organisation has already received a PIC number. You can check it on the Participant Portal: <http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/portal> ('My Organisations' tab').

If your organisation already has a PIC, it is likely that it has also appointed a Legal Entity Appointed Representatives (LEAR) (see section 31.). The names of LEARs are not available online, you have to enquire with the administration of your organisation.

All participants already possessing a PIC should use it to identify themselves in the Electronic Proposal Submission System. After entering the PIC, parts of the A forms will be filled in automatically.

If a PIC is not yet available for your organisation, you can still submit your proposal by entering the organisation details manually. However, it is strongly recommended that before submitting a proposal via the Electronic Proposal Submission System (EPSS), you self-register your organisation in the Participant Portal under the "My Organisations" "Register" tabs. Before obtaining a temporary PIC, which can then be used in the EPSS, please use the search facility to

find out whether your organisation has already received a temporary or validated PIC number. The use of PICs – even temporary ones – will lead to more efficient processing of your proposal.

If you use the PIC of your organisation in the EPSS and the data on your organisation displayed in EPSS seem to contain mistakes, please ask your LEAR to change the data through the Participant Portal. This parallel process has no influence on the preparation and submission of your proposal. The proposal can be submitted even without the correction of such errors.

Self-registration in the Participant Portal for receiving a temporary PIC is quick and simple, see <http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/portal> (use the tabs "My Organisations" "Register").

Further details on the appointment of LEARs and the use of PICs can be found in the FAQs of the Participant Portal: <https://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/portal> and on Cordis: http://cordis.europa.eu/fp7/pp_en.html.

If your organisation has not yet appointed a LEAR, the necessary documents and instructions can be found here: http://cordis.europa.eu/fp7/pp-lear_en.html.

Submitting the proposal

Only the coordinator is authorised to submit the proposal.

Completing the Part A forms in the EPSS and uploading a Part B does **not** yet mean that your proposal is submitted. Once there is a consolidated and final version of the proposal, you must expressly submit it by pressing the button "SUBMIT NOW".

(If you don't see the button "SUBMIT NOW", first select the "SUBMIT" tag at the top of the screen).

Please note that "SUBMIT NOW" starts the final steps for submission; it does not in itself cause the proposal to be submitted.

After reading the information page that then appears, it is possible to submit the proposal using the button marked "*Press this button to submit the proposal*".

The EPSS then performs an automatic validation of the proposal. A list of any problems ("validation error message") such as missing data, viruses, wrong file format or excessive file size will then appear on the screen. **Submission is blocked until these problems are corrected.** Once corrected, the coordinator must then repeat the above steps to achieve submission.

If successfully submitted, the coordinator receives a message that indicates that the proposal has been received. This automatic message is not the official acknowledgement of receipt (see Section 5).

If the submission sequence described above is not followed, the Commission/agency considers that no proposal has been submitted.

For the proposal Part B you must use exclusively PDF ("portable document format", compatible with Adobe version 3 or higher, with embedded fonts). Other file formats will not be accepted by the system. Irrespective of any page limits specified in annex 4 to this Guide, there is an overall limit of 10Mbyte to the size of proposal file Part B. There are also restrictions to the name you give to the Part B file. You should only use alphanumeric characters. Special characters and spaces must be avoided.

You are advised to clean your document before converting to PDF (e.g. accept any track changes). Check that your conversion software successfully converts all pages and the original document (e.g. there is no problem with page limits).

Please note that the Commission/agency prints out proposals on plain A4 paper. The printable zone on the print engine is bounded by 1.5 cm right, left, top bottom. No scaling is applied to make the page "fit" the window. Printing is done at 300 dots per inch.

About the cut-off-date

This action allows for a permanent submission with the following cut-off-date: [...]

It is your responsibility to ensure the timely submission of your proposal.

Proposals submitted after this cut-off-date will not be evaluated.

Do not wait until the last moment before submitting your proposal!

Leaving your submission attempt to the last few minutes of the action will give you no time to overcome even the smallest technical difficulties, proposal verification problems or communications delays which may arise. Such events are never accepted as extenuating circumstances; your proposal will be regarded as not having been submitted.

Submission is deemed to occur at the moment when the proposal coordinator completes the submission sequence described above. It is not the point at which you start the upload. If you wait until too near to the close of the action to start uploading your proposal, there is a serious risk that you will not be able to submit in time.

If you have registered and submitted your proposal in error to another call which closes after this action, the Commission/agency will not be aware of it until it is discovered among the downloaded proposals for the later call. It will therefore be classified as ineligible because of late arrival.

*The submission of a proposal requires some knowledge of the EPSS system, a detailed knowledge of the contents of the proposal and the authority to make last-minute decisions on behalf of the consortium if problems arise. **You are advised not to delegate the job of submitting your proposal!***

In the unlikely event of a failure of the EPSS service due to breakdown of the Commission server during the last 24 hours of this action, the cut-off-date will be extended by a further 24 hours. This will be notified by e-mail to all proposal coordinators who had registered for this action by the time of the original cut-off-date.

Such a failure is a rare and exceptional event; therefore do not assume that there will be an extension to this action. If you have difficulty in submitting your proposal, you should not assume that it is because of a problem with the Commission server, since this is rarely the case. Contact the EPSS help desk if in doubt (see the address given in annex 1 to this Guide).

Please note that the Commission/agency will not extend deadlines for system failures that are not its own responsibility. In all circumstances, you should aim to submit your proposal well before the cut-off-date to have time to solve any problems.

Correcting or revising your proposal

After the submission, the Commission/agency cannot accept further additions, corrections or re-submissions. Therefore, please make sure that you press the submit button only once the proposal is finalised.

Ancillary material

Only a single PDF file comprising the complete Part B can be uploaded. Unless specified in the call, any hyperlinks to other documents, embedded material, and any other documents (company brochures, supporting documentation, reports, audio, video, multimedia etc.) sent electronically or by post, will be disregarded.

Withdrawing a proposal

You may withdraw a proposal before the cut-off-date by submitting a revised version with an empty Part B section, with the following words entered in the abstract field of form A:

"The applicants wish to withdraw this proposal. It should not be evaluated by the Commission".

If you wish to withdraw a proposal after the cut-off-date, please contact the EPSS help desk.

4. Check list

Of importance for the consortium in general, but in particular for the coordinator:

4.1 Preparing your proposal

- **Does your planned work fit with the action?** Check that your proposed work does indeed address the topics open in this action. (See the current version of the work programme).
- **Are you applying for the right funding scheme?** Check that your proposed work falls within the scope of this action, and that you have applied for the eligible funding schemes (see the work programme). Check the Part A and Part B formats shown in annexes 3 and 4 to this Guide¹
- **Is your proposal eligible?** The eligibility criteria are given in the work programme. See also annex 2 to this Guide. In particular, make sure that you satisfy the minimum requirements for the makeup of your consortium. Have any additional eligibility criteria been set for this action? Check that you comply with any budgetary limits that may have been fixed on the requested EU contribution. Any proposal not meeting the eligibility requirements will be considered ineligible and will not be evaluated.
- **Is your proposal complete?** Proposals must comprise a Part A, containing the administrative information including participant and project cost details on standard forms; and a Part B containing the scientific and technical description of your proposal as described in this Guide. A proposal that does not contain both parts will be considered ineligible and will not be evaluated.
- **Does your proposed work raise ethics issues?** Clearly indicate any potential ethical, safety or regulatory aspects of the proposed research and the way these will be dealt with prior and during the implementation of the proposed project. A preliminary ethics control will take place during the scientific evaluation and, if needed, an ethics screening and/or review will take place for those proposals raising particular ethics issues. Proposals may be rejected on ethical grounds if such issues are not dealt with satisfactorily.
- **Does your proposal follow the required structure?** Proposals should be precise and concise, and must follow exactly the proposal structure described in this document (annex 4 to this Guide), which is designed to correspond to the evaluation criteria which will be applied. This structure varies for different funding schemes. Omitting requested information will almost certainly lead to lower scores and possible rejection.
- **Have you maximised your chances?** Edit your proposal tightly, strengthen or eliminate weak points. Put yourself in the place of an evaluator; refer to the evaluation criteria given in annex 2 to this Guide. Arrange for your draft to be evaluated by experienced colleagues; use their advice to improve it before submission.
- **Do you need further advice and support?** You are strongly advised to inform your National Contact Point of your intention to submit a proposal (see address in annex 1 to this Guide). Remember the Enquiry service listed in annex 1.

¹ If you have in error registered for the wrong call or funding scheme, discard that registration (usernames and passwords) and register again before the cut-off-date. If, after the close of the action, you discover that you have submitted your proposal to the wrong call, notify the EPSS Helpdesk.

4.2 Final checks before submission

- **Do you have the agreement** of all the members of the consortium to submit this proposal on their behalf?
- **Check once more the eligibility criteria mentioned in the call documents(work programme and call fiche)! This includes any budget limits.** Remember – the information given in part A is considered definitive.
- **Is your Part B in portable document format (PDF),** including no material in other formats?
- **Is the filename made up of the letters A to Z, and numbers 0 to 9?** You should avoid special characters and spaces.
- **Have you printed out your Part B PDF file,** to check that it really is the file you intend to submit, and that it is complete, printable and readable?
- **Double check that you respect the font size (11 point) and the page limitations for the different chapters!**
- **Is your Part B file within the size limit of 10 Mbytes?**
- **Have you virus-checked your computer?** The EPSS will automatically block the submission of any file containing a virus.
- **Have you made yourself familiar with the EPSS in good time?**
- **Have you allowed time to check your proposal well in advance of the cut-off-date** (at least several days before), and then to continue to improve it? **Have you pressed "SUBMIT" after your final version?**

4.3 Following submission

- Information submitted to the EPSS is encrypted and can only be viewed by the applicant.
- **It is strongly recommended that you check that all your material has been successfully uploaded and submitted, that you have submitted the correct Part B file and that it is readable and printable.**

5. What happens next

Shortly after the cut-off-date, the Commission/agency will send an **acknowledgement of receipt** to the e-mail address of the proposal coordinator given in the submitted proposal. This is assumed to be the individual named on the A2 form for participant no. 1. Please note that the brief electronic message given by the EPSS system after each submission is not the official acknowledgement of receipt.

The sending of an acknowledgement of receipt does not imply that a proposal has been accepted as eligible for evaluation.

If you have not received an acknowledgement of receipt within 12 working days after the cut-off date, you should contact the FP7 Enquiry Service (see annex 1 to this Guide). However, first please check that you are the person named in the proposal as contact person for partner no. 1, check the email address which you gave for yourself, and check the junk mail box of your email system for the first few days following the cut-off-date for any mail originating from FP7Aor@ess-fp7.org.

The Commission/agency will check that your **proposal** meets the **eligibility criteria** that apply to this action and funding scheme (see the work programme and annex 2 to this Guide).

All eligible proposals will be evaluated by Commission agents (evaluators). The evaluation criteria and procedure are described in annex 2 to this Guide.

Soon after the completion of the evaluation, the results will be finalised and the co-ordinator will receive a letter containing **initial information** on the results of the evaluation, including the Evaluation Summary Report giving the opinion of the evaluators on the proposal.

If you have not received the "initial information letter" by the date referred to in annex 1 to this Guide, please contact the Commission/agency via the FP7 enquiry service.

The letter will also give the relevant contact details and the steps to follow if you consider that there has been a shortcoming in the conduct of the evaluation process ("redress procedure").

Official letters are then sent to the applicants. If all has gone well, this letter will mark the beginning of a **negotiation** phase. In other cases, the letter will explain the reasons why the proposal cannot be funded on this occasion.

A description of the negotiation process will be provided in the **Negotiation Guidance Notes** available on CORDIS and on the Participant Portal.

Negotiations between the applicants and the Commission aim to conclude a grant agreement which provides for EU funding of the proposed work. They cover both the scientific/technological, and the administrative and financial aspects of the project. The officials conducting these negotiations on behalf of the Commission will be working within a predetermined budget envelope. They will also refer to any recommendations which the evaluators may have made concerning modifications to the work presented in the proposal, as well as any recommendations arising from an ethics review of your proposal if one was carried out. Where relevant, security aspects shall also be considered.

The negotiations will also deal with gender equality actions, and, if applicable to the project, with gender aspects in the conduct of the planned work, as well as the relevant principles contained in the European Charter for researchers and the Code of Conduct for their recruitment.

Members of the proposal consortium may be invited to Brussels to facilitate the negotiation.

For participants not yet having a Participant Identification Code (PIC), i.e. not yet being registered and validated in the Commission's database, their existence as legal entities and their legal status will have to be validated before a grant agreement can be signed. For these participants, the procedure of registration and validation is triggered by a self-registration in the web interface of the Participant Portal available at <http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/portal>. This self-registration will lead to a request by the Commission/agency to the organisation to provide supporting documents and to nominate a Legal Entity Authorised Representative (LEAR).

The LEAR is a person nominated in each legal entity participating in FP7. This person is the contact for the Commission/agency related to all questions on legal status. He/she has access to the online database of legal entities with a possibility to view the data stored on his/her entity and to initiate updates and corrections to these data. After the validation of the entity has been finalised, the contact person/authorized representative named in the Participant Portal receives the PIC number. Once the LEAR is validated, he/she manages the modifications of the entity-related information in the Participant Portal and distributes the PIC number within his/her organisation.

Further details can be found in section 3.2., on the Participant Portal <http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/portal/home> and on Cordis http://cordis.europa.eu/fp7/pp_en.html.

Applicants are reminded that the Commission's Research DGs and agencies have adopted a new and reinforced audit strategy aimed at detecting and correcting errors in cost claims submitted in projects on the basis of professional auditing standards. As a result the number of audits and participants audited will increase significantly and the research services will assure appropriate mutual exchange of information within its relevant internal departments in order to fully coordinate any corrective actions to be taken in a consistent way. More information can be found on CORDIS (http://cordis.europa.eu/audit-certification/home_en.html) and on the Participant Portal (<http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/portal/page/home>).

Glossary

The following explanations are provided for clarity and easy-reference. They have no legal authority, and do not replace any official definitions set out in the Council decisions.

A

Acknowledgement of receipt :

Applicants are informed by email shortly after the deadline that a proposal has been successfully submitted (but not that it is necessarily eligible). Contact the *help desk* urgently if you do not receive such an acknowledgement.

Applicant

The term used generally in this guide for a person or entity applying to a call for proposals. The term 'participant' is used in the more limited sense of a member of a proposal or project consortium (see below).

Associated countries

Non-EU countries which are party to an international agreement with the EU, under the terms or on the basis of which it makes a financial contribution to all or part of the Seventh Framework Programme. In the context of proposal consortia, organisations from these countries are treated on the same footing as those in the EU. The list of associated countries is given in the body of this guide.

C

Call fiche

The part of the work programme giving the basic data for a call for proposals (e.g. topics covered, budget, deadline etc). It is posted as a separate document on the CORDIS and Participant Portal web pages devoted to a particular call.

Call for proposals (or "call")

An announcement, usually in the Official Journal, inviting proposals for research activities in a certain theme. Full information on the call can be found on the CORDIS and Participant Portal web-sites.

Consensus meeting

The stage in the proposal evaluation process when experts come together to establish a common view on a particular proposal.

Consortium

Most *funding schemes* require proposals from a number of participants (usually at least three) who agree to work together in a consortium.

Continuous submission

Some calls are open for an extended period, during which proposals may be submitted at any moment. In these cases, proposals are evaluated in batches after fixed *cut-off dates*.

Coordinator

The coordinator leads and represents the applicants. He or she acts as the point of contact with the Commission/agency.

CORDIS service

CORDIS, the Community Research and Development Information Service, is the European Commission's web portal for dissemination of information on EU funded research projects and their outcomes as well as their exploitation. Also, this web service provides access to all the documentation related to FP7.

Cut-off date

An intermediate date in the context of a call operating a *continuous submission procedure*. Proposals are evaluated in batches after each *cut-off date*.

D

Deadline

For a particular *call*, the moment after which proposals cannot be submitted, and when the *Electronic Proposal Submission Service* closes for that call. Deadlines are strictly enforced.

Deliverable

A deliverable represents a verifiable output of the project. Normally, each workpackage will produce one or more deliverables during its lifetime. Deliverables are often written reports but can also take another form, for example the completion of a prototype etc.

Direct costs

Direct costs are all eligible costs which can be attributed directly to the project and are identified by the participant as such, in accordance with its accounting principles and its usual internal rules.

E

Early Warning System (EWS)

An internal information tool of the Commission to flag identified financial risks related to beneficiaries.

Electronic Proposal Submission Service (EPSS)

A web-based service which must be used to submit proposals. Access is given through the *CORDIS* website, or via the Participant Portal.

Electronic Proposal Submission Service (EPSS) Helpdesk

A telephone / email service to assist applicants who have difficulty in submitting their proposal via the Electronic Proposal Submission System: tel: +32 2 233 3760 email support@epss-fp7.org

Eligibility Review Committee

An internal committee which examines in detail cases of proposals whose eligibility for inclusion in an evaluation is in question

Eligibility criteria

The minimum conditions which a proposal must fulfil if it is to be retained for evaluation. The eligibility criteria are generally the same for all proposals throughout FP7, and relate to submission before the *deadline*, *minimum participation*, *completeness and scope*. However, additional eligibility criteria may apply to certain calls, and applicants should check the work programme, and annex 2 to this Guide.

Ethics issues table

Research activities supported by the Framework Programme should respect fundamental ethical principles. The main issues which might arise in a project are summarised in tabular form in a checklist included in the proposal

Evaluation criteria

The criteria against which eligible proposals are assessed by independent experts. The evaluation criteria are generally the same for all proposals throughout FP7, and relate to S/T quality, impact and implementation. Relevance is also considered. However, additional evaluation criteria may apply to certain calls, and applicants should check the work programme, and annex 2 to this Guide.

Evaluation Summary Report (ESR)

The assessment of a particular proposal following the evaluation by independent experts is provided in an Evaluation Summary Report. It normally contains both comments and scores for each criterion.

F**FP7 enquiry service**

A general information service on all aspects of FP7. Contact details are given in annex 1 to this Guide.

Funding scheme

The mechanisms for the EU funding of research projects. The funding schemes have different objectives, and are implemented through grant agreements.

G**Grant Agreement (GA)**

The legal instrument that provides for Commission/agency funding of successful proposals.

I**Indirect costs**

Indirect costs, (sometimes called overheads), are all those eligible costs which cannot be identified by the participant as being directly attributed to the project, but which can be identified and justified by its accounting system as being incurred in direct relationship with the eligible direct costs attributed to the project.

Individual evaluation

The stage in the evaluation process when experts assess the merits of a particular proposal before discussion with their peers.

Initial information letter

A letter sent by the Commission/agency to applicants shortly after the evaluation by experts, giving a report from the experts on the proposal in question (the Evaluation Summary Report).

International Cooperation Partner Countries (ICPC)

A list of low-income, lower-middle income and upper-middle-income countries, given in annex 1 to the work programme. Organisations from these countries can participate and receive funding in FP7, providing that certain minimum conditions are met.

International European Interest Organisation

International organisations, the majority of whose members are European Union Member States or Associated Countries, and whose principal objective is to promote scientific and technological co-operation in Europe.

J**Joint Research Centre (JRC)**

The Commission's own research institutes.

L**LEAR (Legal Entity Authorised Representative)**

The LEAR is a person nominated in each legal entity participating in FP7. This person is the contact for the Commission/agency related to all questions on legal status. He/she has access to the online database of legal entities with a possibility to view the data stored on his/her entity and to initiate updates and corrections to these data. The LEAR receives a Participant Identification Code (PIC) from the Commission/agency (see below), and distributes this number within his/her organisation.

Lump sum

Lump sums do not require the submission of financial justifications (statements), as they are "fixed". ICPC participants when participating in an FP7 grant agreement (GA) have got the option between being reimbursed on the basis of eligible costs or on the basis of lump-sums. This option can be made (and changed) up to the moment of the signature of the GA. Once made, it will apply during the whole duration of the GA without the possibility of changing it. ICPC participants may opt for a lump sum in a given project and for reimbursement of costs in another. Whatever the final option chosen, the maximum EC contribution for the project will remain.

M**Milestones**

Control points where decisions are needed with regard to the next stage of the project.

N**National Contact Points (NCP)**

Official representatives nominated by the national authorities to provide tailored information and advice on each theme of FP7, in the national language(s).

Negotiation

The process of establishing a grant agreement between the Commission/agency and an applicant whose proposal has been favourably evaluated, and when funds are available.

Non-profit

A legal entity is qualified as "*non-profit*" when considered as such by national or international law.

P**Part A**

The part of a proposal dealing with administrative data. This part is completed using the web-based EPSS.

Part B

The part of a proposal explaining the work to be carried out, and the roles and aptitudes of the participants in the consortium. This part is uploaded to the EPSS as a pdf file

Part B template

A document in PDF format supplied by the EPSS, consisting of a template of all chapter headings, forms and tables required to prepare a proposal Part B. The template format is given in Annex 4 to this Guide.

Participants

The members of a consortium in a proposal or project. These are legal entities, and have rights and obligations with regard to the EU.

Participant Identification Code (PIC)

Organisations participating in FP7 will progressively be assigned Participant Identification Codes (PIC). The PIC is a unique 9-digit number for each organisation. Possession of a PIC will enable organisations to take advantage of the Participant Portal's services (see below), and to identify themselves in all transactions related to FP7 proposals and grants. An online tool to search for existing PICs and the related organisations is available at <http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/portal/page/myorganisations>

Participant Portal

The single entry point for interaction with the Research Directorates-General and agencies of the European Commission. It hosts a full range of services that facilitate the monitoring and the management of proposals and projects throughout their lifecycle, including calls for proposals, and access to the *electronic proposal submission service*.

Programme committee

A group of official national representatives who assist the Commission in implementing the Specific Programmes of FP7.

Proposal

A description of the planned research activities, information on who will carry them out, how much they will cost, and how much funding is requested

Public body

Public body means any legal entity established as such by national law, and international organisations.

R

Redress procedure

The initial information letter will indicate an address if an applicant wishes to submit a request for redress, if he or she believes that there have been shortcomings in the handling of the proposal in question, and that these shortcomings would jeopardise the outcome of the evaluation process. An internal evaluation review committee ("redress committee") will examine all such complaints. This committee does not itself evaluate the proposal. It is possible that the committee will recommend a re-evaluation of all or part of the proposal.

Research organisation

A legal entity established as a *non-profit* organisation which carries out research or technological development as one of its main objectives.

Reserve list

Due to budgetary constraints it may not be possible to support all proposals that have been evaluated positively. In such conditions, proposals on a reserve list may only be financed if funds become available following the negotiation of projects on the main list.

RTD

Research and Technological Development.

S

SME

'SMEs' are micro, small and medium-sized enterprises. SMEs are defined in Recommendation 2003/361/EC of 6 May 2003.

Specific flat rate (60%)

A flat rate indirect cost of 60% of the total direct costs applicable under certain conditions to non-profit public bodies, secondary and higher education establishments, research organisations and SMEs. This rate is now available for the entire duration of FP7.

Specific International Cooperation Actions (SICA)

In some calls on topics of mutual interest, special conditions apply to promote research collaborations between European organisations and those based in the International Cooperation Partner Countries (ICPC). This usually entails a minimum of two participants from EU or Associated countries, and two from ICPC.

T

Thresholds

For a proposal to be considered for funding, the evaluation scores for individual criteria must exceed certain thresholds. There is also an overall threshold for the sum of the scores.

Two-stage submission

Some calls require proposals to be submitted in two stages. In this case, applicants initially present their idea in a brief outline proposal. This is evaluated against evaluation criteria, or sub-criteria for this stage set out in the call. Applicants successful in the first stage will be invited to submit a full proposal at the second stage, which will be evaluated against criteria for this second stage set out in the call. The first stage criteria, as set out in the work programme, are usually a limited set of those applying at the second stage.

Two-step evaluation

An evaluation procedure in which a proposal is evaluated first on a limited number of evaluation criteria (usually, just one), and only those proposals which achieve the threshold on this are subject to a full evaluation on the remaining criteria.

U

Unique Registration Facility (URF)

A system that will allow organisations to register their details and status once and for all, obviating the need to provide the same information with each submission. The Web interface of the URF is found at <http://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/urf> On this website you will also find a search tool to check if your organisation is already registered or not.

W

Weightings

The scores for certain evaluation criteria may be multiplied by a weighting factor before the total score is calculated. Generally, weightings are set to one; but there may be exceptions and applicants should check the details in annex 2 to this Guide.

Work Package

A work package is a major sub-division of the proposed project with a verifiable end-point – normally a deliverable or a milestone in the overall project.

Work Programme

A formal document of the Commission for the implementation of a specific programme, that sets out the research objectives and topics to be addressed. It also contains information that is set out further in this Guide, including the schedule and details of the calls for proposals, indicative budgets, and the evaluation procedure.